

# A Novel Glassy Carbon Electrode Modified with Multi-Walled Carbon Nanotubes for Potentiometric Xipamide Determination

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## Abstract

Solid contact electrodes are widely used in analytical fields due to their outstanding performance over classical ones. However, they showed formation of a water layer affecting stability of those electrodes' type. Herein, we develop a solid contact ion selective electrode to overcome this common drawback through application of multi-walled carbon nanotubes as a hydrophobic layer between the ion sensing membrane and a glassy carbon electrode. This fine modification improved stability of the electrode via preventing the formation of this water layer. The obtained potential was steady over 30 days with a drift of  $-0.8 \text{ mV h}^{-1}$ . The MWCNTs-modified electrode was used for determination of xipamide with a Nernstian slope of  $-56.01$  over a linearity range of  $1.0 \times 10^{-8}$  to  $1.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol l}^{-1}$  and detection limit of  $6.0 \times 10^{-8} \text{ mol l}^{-1}$ . The proposed sensor was effectively applied for determination of the cited drug in its marketed pharmaceutical dosage form and spiked human plasma.

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